9 Insul-Deck Checklist

Never use defective or sub-standard shoring, formwork, reinforcement, or concrete.

Incompatibilities: Insul-Deck's Expanded Polystyrene (EPS) is **combustible** – keep away from excessive heat, sparks, open flames, or any other sources of ignition. EPS dissolves in hydrocarbons (e.g. fuels, oils, tar), organic solvents (e.g. acetone/ketones, benzene, paint thinner), ethers, esters, aldehydes and amines. Ensure that all sealants, primers, and other materials in contact with EPS are compatible (water-based)

NOTE: This checklist is guide for builders but is not intended to be a complete list of tasks for every project. The general contractor or building owner are solely responsible for completion of all project details per approved plans, building codes and best practices.

Pre-Construction

Final Structural plans and specifications on site (check with Engineer of Record for revisions)
Shoring plan by qualified shoring engineer on site
Insul-Deck Layout and Panel Cut-List on site
Reinforcement specifications confirmed and order placed for steel components and supplies
All other required materials, tools and supplies ordered or on site
Penetrations through floors/roofs identified and planned (not coinciding with joists)
Ensure that walls/columns/piers/pilings/beams and other supporting elements of the floor/roof structure
are within specifications, especially regarding the placement, spacing, and sizes of reinforcing steel that
connects to the Insul-Deck assembly and the elements poured together with it
Make provisions for safety & PPE, site access, delivery, handling and storage;
see Insul-Deck Safety Data Sheet (SDS) at www.insuldeck.com/SDS.pdf
Pre-Construction Meeting with all affected trades

Shoring

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Ensure adequate bearing capacity of surface for shoring installation, including load distribution if needed	
(such as double layers of 2x10" [50x250mm] planks)	
Inspect every piece used in shoring before/during erection	
Follow Shoring plan exactly with all shoring supports, beams and accessories installed per engineered	
plans and shoring provider's instructions	
Confirm all pins, restraints, cross-bracing and safety equipment is correctly installed for service	
Inspection & sign-off by shoring designer/engineer/authorized personnel prior to use of shoring	

Formwork, Falsework, Reinforcement

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	Always inspect each Insul-Deck panel BEFORE placement on shoring:
	- Both metal ribs must be straight and continuous
	- EPS must be well-fused (beads are bonded together, providing part strength)
	Place Insul-Deck panels per plans and/or Insul-Deck Layout, either butting to walls or sitting on top of
	wall-ICF form insulation; install EPS plugs (supplied with every order) to cover large holes
	Never place excessive loads on formwork: don't step into Insul-Deck joists, don't place heavy loads
	onto formwork, don't "heap" concrete
	Repair minor damage to Insul-Deck joist "wings" and secure with plywood & fasteners
	Ensure continuity of Insul-Deck joists and slab into the other structural elements
	(wall-ICF may need to be cut to allow flow of concrete between wall and T-beam joists)
	Install formwork, falsework, bracing for all slab-edges, beams, staircases and similar elements
	Install sleeves/blockouts for penetrations (never at joists without EOR permission), conduit, anchor
	bolts, hangers, plates, and other embeds
	Ensure connections between concrete elements exactly per plans. Foam completely removed where
	Insul-Deck panels cross walls, columns, pilasters, or similar.
	Place T-beam joist reinforcing steel on rebar-chairs / dobie-blocks (often 4' OC) maintaining specified
	concrete cover (per structural plans or min. 3/4"). Splice per plans (avoiding mid-span splices).
	If specified, install stirrups in Insul-Deck joists
	Place & secure slab reinforcing bar or welded wire mesh positioned per plans or at center of slab (on
	chairs or bolsters). Install welded wire reinforcement in maximum possible lengths, and offset end laps
	in both directions, splice laps with tie wire. Splice rebar per plans (avoiding splices over walls/beams).
	Place & secure negative moment reinforcing steel at floor/roof connections and beams per structural
	plans (e.g. extending into both slab and wall/beam at perimeters, often 24" or 12" O/C and coinciding
	with Insul-Deck joists)
	Place & secure reinforcement of all other concrete elements (in beams, above walls etc.)

Pre-Pour

Check Insul-Deck elevation and level (e.g. laser level) and adjust using shoring screw jacks
Re-check dimensions, layout, level and alignment of all other elements
Check alignment & bracing of slab edge supports (including around entire perimeter and openings), e.g. bracing/vertical supports/slab-ties in place every 12-24" [30-60cm] and aligned (e.g. using continuous horizontal whaler)
Top Of Slab elevation indicated via elevation markers and/or chalk lines on inside of slab-edge forms
Confirm all utility penetrations/blockouts through Insul-Deck assembly do not interrupt T-beam joists, are accurately placed and secured for pour
Re-check special formwork / falsework locations for adequate repairs/support/secureness (e.g. spliced or damaged panels, penetrations through Insul-Deck metal ribs)
Check that all required embed plates, anchors, bolts, other embeds, as specified on drawings, are in place, available, and secured prior to concrete placement
Re-check all reinforcing steel specifications & placement and how it is secured against displacement. Photos taken of rebar placement for documentation.
Inspection and final sign-off of Shoring by shoring designer/engineer of record prior to pour
Check all forms, tops of walls, columns, beams and similar structural elements that support the assembly are clean / free of debris. Reinforcement clear of loose rust and mill scale.
Concrete vibrators (pencil or small diameter), straightedges and all other required tools, supplies, embeds on site and powered
For Hot Weather expected for Pour (as needed): Chilled water or ice added to mix; Admixtures (retarder / plasticizer) added to mix or available at site; Plan to pour during colder parts of the day and/or spray forms & rebar with water to reduce surface temperature
For Cold Weather expected (as needed): Hot water added to mix; Admixtures (accelerator / plasticizer) added to mix or available at site; Plan to remove snow or ice build-up and place warming blankets
Compressive strength, aggregate size, slump requirements of concrete ordered per plans along with additives; confirm with concrete provider incl. delivery trucks spaced to allow finish crew enough time

Concrete Placement and Post-Pour

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	Safety person designated and provided with flashlight and warning device (air horn or whistle) and
	with clear view of shoring area from outside of the perimeter.
	Clear action-plan for warning signals shared with entire crew.
	Confirm ALL ACCESS TO AREAS UNDERNEATH POURED SLAB IS BLOCKED TO PREVENT
	ENTRY during and after the pour – remind entire crew of same
	Entire crew briefed on pour sequence & safety
	Check and document specifications, age, additives, placement, and consolidation of all concrete placed
	along with environmental conditions during concrete pours (take core samples if needed)
	Place and consolidate concrete per required standards (such as ACI 302.1R) – never heap concrete.
	Protect bottoms of Insul-Deck T-beam joists from excessive loads: use pencil vibrators carefully
	inside joists (don't jam them down hard), don't step into joists, direct concrete flow onto thick portions
	of Insul-Deck, use reducer hose on pump
	Screed slabs level or to the specified pitch at the Top of Slab elevation, maintaining surface flatness
	within tolerances
	Place all wet-set embeds (anchors, bolts etc)
	Never remove any shoring until cleared to do so, usually by the Engineer of Record
	After placement, protect concrete from premature drying, excessively hot or cold temperatures, and
	mechanical damage/deformation
	Initial Moist Curing if needed: as soon as free water has disappeared and before surface is dry, keep
	concrete continuously moist (e.g. for not less than three days) by water ponding, water-fog spray, or
	saturated burlap
	Final Moist Curing if needed: after initial curing and before surface dries, install and seal Moisture-
	Retaining Covers or Curing Compounds
	After Engineer of Record or codes allow it, remove shoring and clean up site
	Install approved 15-minute thermal barrier (such as ½" drywall) over all exposed Insul-Deck